1	H. B. 4292
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3 4	(By Delegates Miley, Frazier, Longstreth, Barill, Jones and Manchin
5	[By the Request of the Supreme Court of Appeals]
6	[Introduced January 25, 2012; referred to the
7	Committee on the Judiciary then Finance.]
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LO	A Bill to amend and reenact §27-5-1 of the Code of West Virginia,
L1	1931, as amended, relating to authorizing the West Virginia
L2	Supreme Court of Appeals to establish a reasonable fee of
L3	compensation for mental hygiene services; and establishing a
L 4	payment procedure for the compensation.
L 5	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
L 6	That $\$27-5-1$ of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
L 7	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
L 8	ARTICLE 5. INVOLUNTARY HOSPITALIZATION.
L 9	§27-5-1. Appointment of Mental Hygiene Commissioner; duties of
20	Mental Hygiene Commissioner; duties of prosecuting
21	attorney; duties of sheriff; duties of Supreme Court
22	of Appeals; use of certified municipal law-enforcement
23	officers.
24	(a) Appointment of Mental Hygiene Commissioners The chief

1 judge in each judicial circuit of this state shall appoint a
2 competent attorney and may, if necessary, appoint additional
3 attorneys to serve as Mental Hygiene Commissioners to preside over
4 involuntary hospitalization hearings. Mental Hygiene Commissioners
5 shall be persons of good moral character and of standing in their
6 profession and they shall, before assuming the duties of such
7 commissioner, take the oath required of other special commissioners
8 as provided in article one, chapter six of this code.

All persons newly appointed to serve as Mental Hygiene 10 Commissioners shall attend and complete an orientation course, 11 within one year of their appointment, consisting of at least three 12 days of training provided annually by the Supreme Court of Appeals. 13 In addition, existing Mental Hygiene Commissioners and any 14 magistrates designated by the chief judge of a judicial circuit to 15 hold probable cause and emergency detention hearings involving 16 involuntary hospitalization shall attend and complete a course 17 provided by the Supreme Court of Appeals, which course shall 18 include, but not be limited to, instruction on the manifestations 19 of mental illness and addiction. Persons attending such courses 20 outside the county of their residence shall be reimbursed out of 21 the budget of the supreme court -- general judicial for reasonable 22 expenses incurred. The supreme court shall establish rules for 23 such courses, including rules providing for the reimbursement of 24 reasonable expenses as authorized herein.

- 1 (b) Duties of Mental Hygiene Commissioners. --
- (1) Mental Hygiene Commissioners may sign and issue summonses 2 3 for the attendance, at any hearing held pursuant to section four, 4 article five of this chapter, of the individual sought to be 5 committed; may sign and issue subpoenas for witnesses, including 6 subpoenas duces tecum; may place any witness under oath; may elicit 7 testimony from applicants, respondents and witnesses regarding 8 factual issues raised in the petition; and may make findings of 9 fact on evidence and may make conclusions of law, but such findings 10 and conclusions shall not be binding on the circuit court. 11 circuit court, by order entered of record, shall allow the 12 commissioner a reasonable fee for services rendered in connection 13 with each case. Mental All Mental Hygiene Commissioners shall be 14 reasonably compensated at a rate determined by the Supreme Court of 15 Appeals. Mental Hygiene Commissioners shall submit all requests 16 for compensation to the administrative director of the courts for 17 payment. The Mental Hygiene Commissioners shall discharge their 18 duties and hold their offices at the pleasure of the chief judge of 19 the judicial circuit in which he or she is appointed and may be 20 removed at any time by such chief judge. It shall be the duty of 21 a Mental Hygiene Commissioner to conduct orderly inquiries into the 22 mental health of the individual sought to be committed concerning 23 the advisability of committing the individual to a mental health 24 facility. The Mental Hygiene Commissioner shall safeguard, at all

- 1 times, the rights and interests of the individual as well as the 2 interests of the state. The mental hygiene commissioner shall make 3 a written report of his or her findings to the circuit court. In 4 any proceedings before any court of record as set forth in this 5 article, the court of record shall appoint an interpreter for any 6 individual who is deaf or cannot speak or who speaks a foreign 7 language and who may be subject to involuntary commitment to a 8 mental health facility.
- 9 (2) A Mental Hygiene Commissioner appointed by the circuit
 10 court of one county or multiple county circuit may serve in such
 11 capacity in a jurisdiction other than that of his or her original
 12 appointment if such be agreed upon by the terms of a cooperative
 13 agreement between the circuit courts and county commissions of two
 14 or more counties entered into to provide prompt resolution of
 15 mental hygiene matters during noncourt hours or on nonjudicial
 16 days.
- (c) Duties of prosecuting attorney. -- It shall be the duty
 18 of the prosecuting attorney or one of his or her assistants to
 19 represent the applicants in all final commitment proceedings filed
 20 pursuant to the provisions of this article. The prosecuting
 21 attorney may appear in any proceeding held pursuant to the
 22 provisions of this article if he or she deems it to be in the
 23 public interest.
- 24 (d) Duties of sheriff. -- Upon written order of the circuit

1 court, Mental Hygiene Commissioner or magistrate in the county 2 where the individual formally accused of being mentally ill or 3 addicted is a resident or is found, the sheriff of that county 4 shall take said individual into custody and transport him or her to 5 and from the place of hearing and the mental health facility. The 6 sheriff shall also maintain custody and control of the accused 7 individual during the period of time in which the individual is 8 waiting for the involuntary commitment hearing to be convened and 9 while such hearing is being conducted: Provided, That 10 individual who is a resident of a state other than West Virginia 11 shall, upon a finding of probable cause, be transferred to his or 12 her state of residence for treatment pursuant to the provisions of 13 subsection (p), section four of this article: Provided, however, 14 That where an individual is a resident of West Virginia but not a 15 resident of the county in which he or she is found and there is a 16 finding of probable cause, the county in which the hearing is held 17 may seek reimbursement from the county of residence for reasonable 18 costs incurred by the county attendant to the mental hygiene 19 proceeding. Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 20 contrary, sheriffs may enter into cooperative agreements with 21 sheriffs of one or more other counties, with the concurrence of 22 their respective circuit courts and county commissions, whereby 23 transportation and security responsibilities for hearings held 24 pursuant to the provisions of this article during noncourt hours or

- 1 on nonjudicial days may be shared in order to facilitate prompt
- 2 hearings and to effectuate transportation of persons found in need
- 3 of treatment.
- 4 (e) Duty of sheriff upon presentment to mental health care
- 5 facility. -- Where a person is brought to a mental health care
- 6 facility for purposes of evaluation for commitment under the
- 7 provisions of this article, if he or she is violent or combative,
- 8 the sheriff or his or her designee shall maintain custody of the
- 9 person in the facility until the evaluation is completed or the
- 10 county commission shall reimburse the mental health care facility
- 11 at a reasonable rate for security services provided by the mental
- 12 health care facility for the period of time the person is at the
- 13 hospital prior to the determination of mental competence or
- 14 incompetence.
- 15 (f) Duties of Supreme Court of Appeals. -- The Supreme Court
- 16 of Appeals shall provide uniform petition, procedure and order
- 17 forms which shall be used in all involuntary hospitalization
- 18 proceedings brought in this state.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to authorize the Supreme Court of Appeals to establish a reasonable rate of compensation for mental hygiene services instead of a circuit court. The bill also requires Mental Hygiene Commissioners to submit compensation requests to the administrative director of the courts for payment.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.

This bill was recommended for introduction and passage during the Regular Session of the Legislature by the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals.